

15 August 2011

KinGUI
Manual for the Graphical User Interface

Manual Version: 0.15
KinGUI Version: 2.2011.811.11535
KinGUI Viewer Version: 2.2011.811.11502

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1 Introduction

KINGUI 2 is a software tool for determining kinetic parameters from results of environmental fate studies, e.g. aerobic soil degradation, by fitting respective mathematical models to the observed data. It consist of two parts, first a package of numerical methods for the actual calculations, implemented in R (R language for statistical computing and graphics, <http://www.r-project.org/>), and second a graphical user interface for project administration, parameterization of the optimization runs and result evaluation.

The optimization workflow and the evaluation of results is optimized to account for the requirements given by the FOCUS Report on Estimating Persistence and Degradation Kinetics (EC Document Reference Sanco/10058/2005, version 2.0, June 2006). Thus it provides all kinetic models recommended in this report and by default does the standard statistical evaluations requested.

In Version 2 KINGUI allows the choice between different optimization algorithms. In particular the estimation of parameter confidence intervals is much improved as compared to the previous version by providing the methods Iteratively Reweighted Least Squares (IRLS) and Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC).

1.1 Workflow

- Create 'R'-script files (with the GUI or with a simple text editor like notepad⁺⁺)
- Run them with 'R' having the KinGUI 2 packages and sourcefunctions installed
- Get the resulting reports and graphs with the KinGUII ResultViewer

The graphical user interface 'KinGUII' is so to say a specialized text editor for 'R'-script files. With the intuitive 'R'-script language you are also able to write the scripts with a normal text editor and run them form the DOS command line. Results can be viewed using the KinGUII ResultViewer.

2 Installation

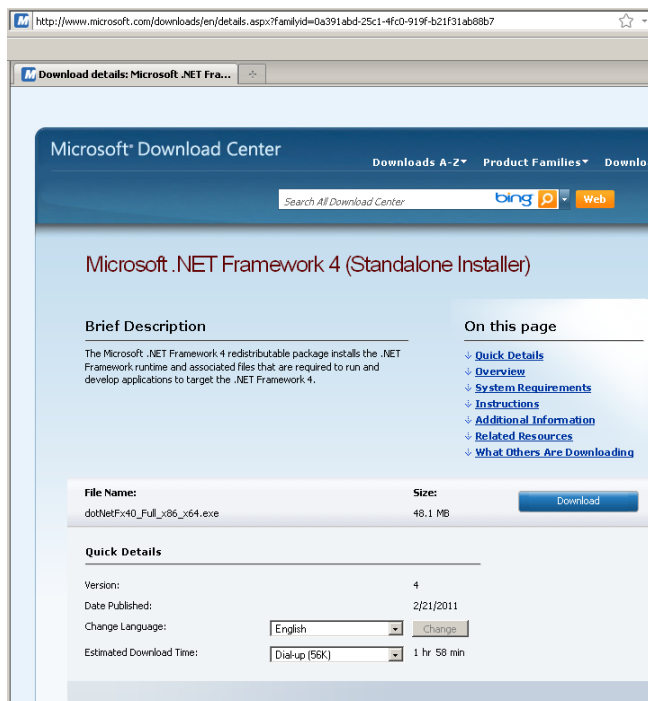
2.1 Workflow

No real installation process necessary!

- Check if .NET framework v 4.0 (or later) is installed
- Copy program files to your local hard drive
- Dblclick ‘..\KinGUI\GUI\KinGUI.exe’ to start the GUI’

2.2 Requirements

- .Net framework version 4.0 or later. [Download here](#) the version for your language settings (~ 48MB).



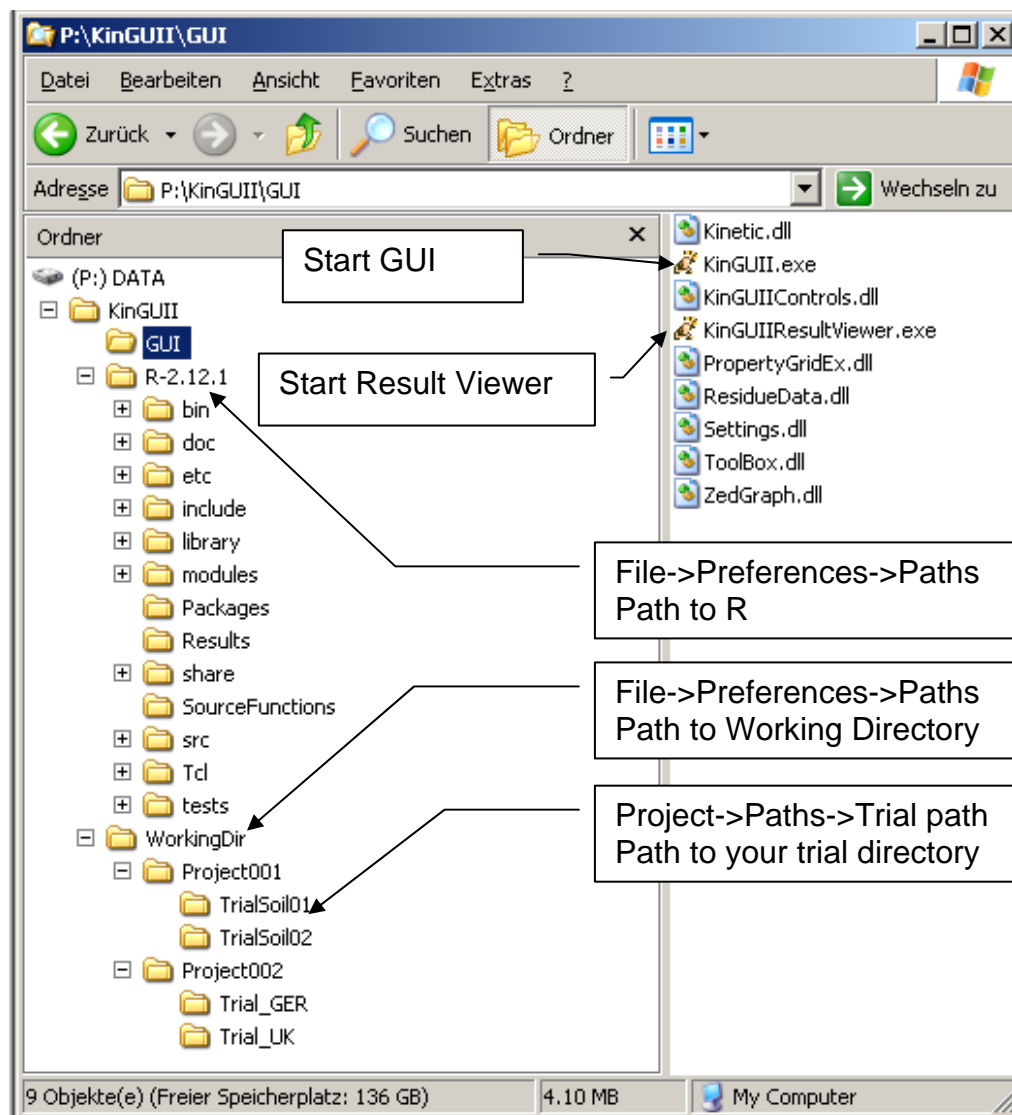
- ~ 140 MB hddisk space
- **No** installed version of ‘R’ necessary
- **No** Admin rights necessary!

2.3 Installation

Copy source (SourceDrive:\KinGUII) incl. subfolders to your local drive

- Do **not** use network drives!
- Do **not** use system paths like 'C:\Program Files' or 'C:\WINDOWS'
- Check access rights to target path

The resulting directory structure should look like this:



Dbclick '..\KinGUII\GUI\KinGUII.exe' to start the GUI'

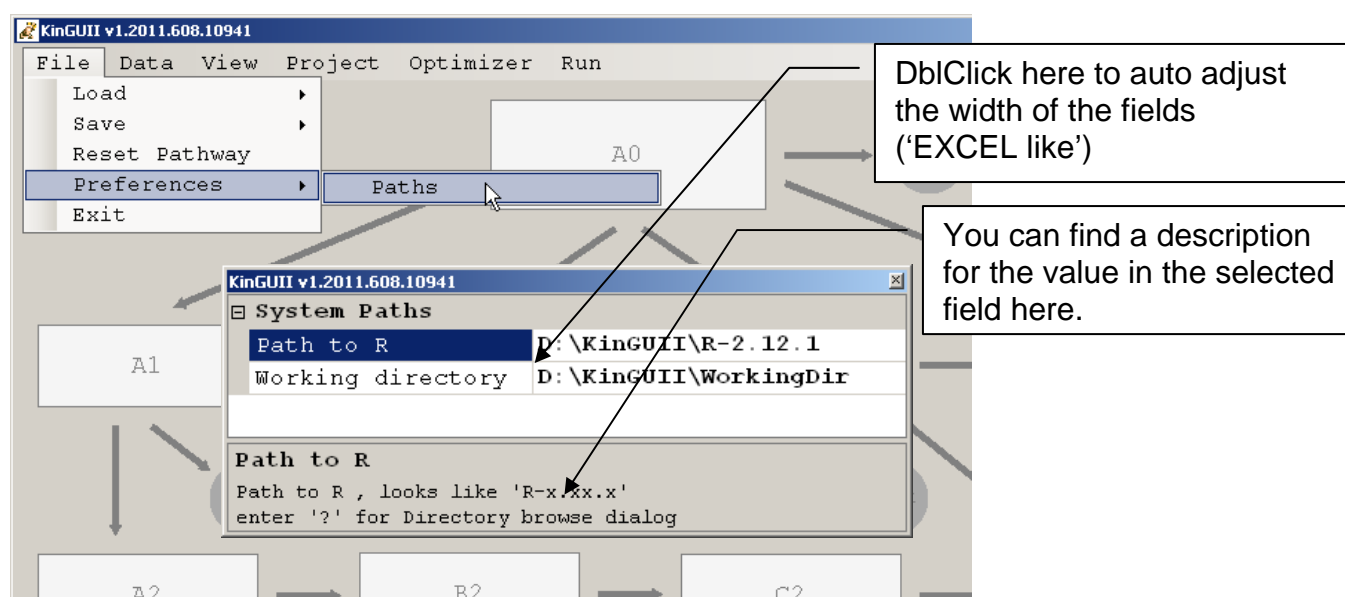
3 Getting started

3.1 Workflow

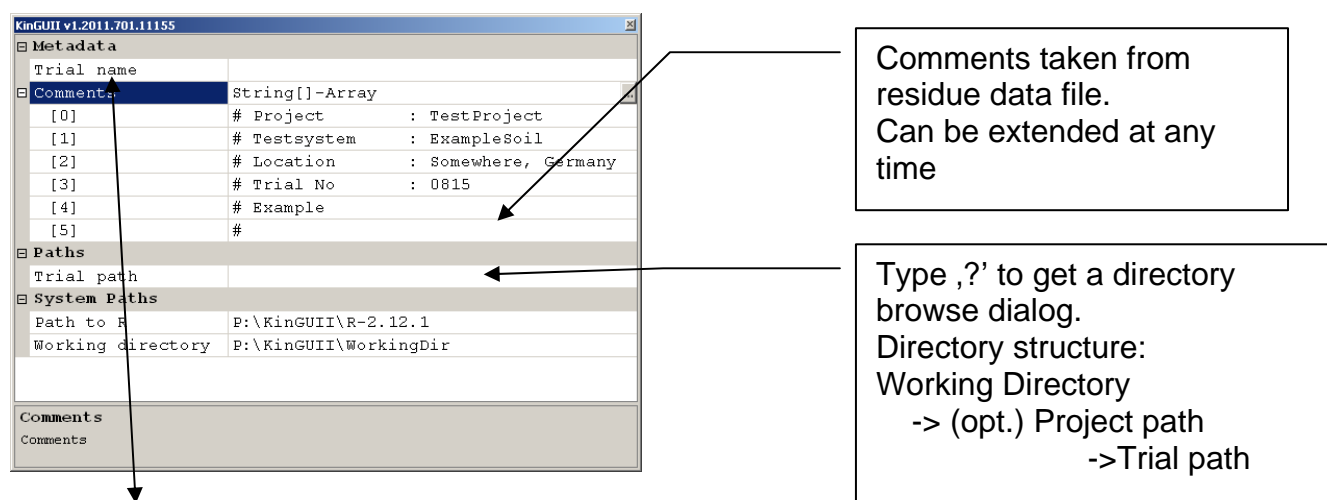
- Check preferences (paths to 'R' and 'Working Directory')
- Set Trial path and name

3.2 Set 'R' and 'Working Directory'

Check/set paths to the main 'R' directory and to the 'Working Directory', where your projects will be saved (normally these paths are already chosen by the program). You have to do this only once, your selections will be saved to program settings automatically.



3.3 Set Trial - name and path



Used to construct 'R'-script file name:
'TrialName' 'Optimizer' 'Kinetic model parent' 'parent compartment name' .r
e.g.: 'TestTrial IRLS DFOP Parent.r'

4 Data management

4.1 Workflow

- Prepare ASCII text- file with residue data
- Load data to workplace
- Assign compartment residue data to pathway position
- Connect compartments

4.2 Preparation of residue input data

- Plain ASCII text-file
- Comment lines must contain "#", ":" or "/"
- You may have as many comment lines as you want
- No empty lines allowed!
- 1st data column must always contain the sampling times, header for this column must be 't' or 'time'
- No special chars for compartment names (e.g. space, "?", "\", "*" etc.)
- Data delimiter :TAB

delimiter between data columns,

there may be more than one TAB between two values (for alignment reasons)

- No comments in data rows
- Residue data must be sorted by sampling times
- Missing data can be left blank or marked as 'NaN' ('not a number')
- No columns with weights for your data points (will be edited later, std. value = 1)

Example:

```

1 # Example
2 # Project : TestProject
3 # Testsystem : ExampleSoil
4 # Location : Somewhere, Germany
5 # Trial No : 0815
6 #
7 t→Par→M01→M02
8 0→98.4→4.2→0.4
9 0→99.3→4.2→0.3
10 1→41.4→69.1→0.9
11 1→41.8→61.4→0.9
12 3→9.6→92.4→1.7
13 3→9.6→92.9→1.6
14 7→2.1→52.0→1.5
15 7→2.0→90.4→3.1
16 14→1.5→97.1→2.6
17 14→1.3→96.4→2.2
18 21→1.1→96.5→1.7
19 21→1.2→91.7→3.4
20 28→1.2→89.5→2.4
21 28→1.0→86.5→2.1
22 42→0.9→89.4→3.2
23 42→0.9→85.7→2.1
24 56→0.8→84.6→3.7
25 56→0.9→82.4→2.3
26 91→0.9→76.1→2.6
27 91→0.7→83.3→1.7
28 133→0.8→71.1→3.7
29 133→0.5→70.0→5.1
30 204→0.6→66.1→2.4
31 204→0.5→65.9→2.0
32

```

Comments will be taken as project comments

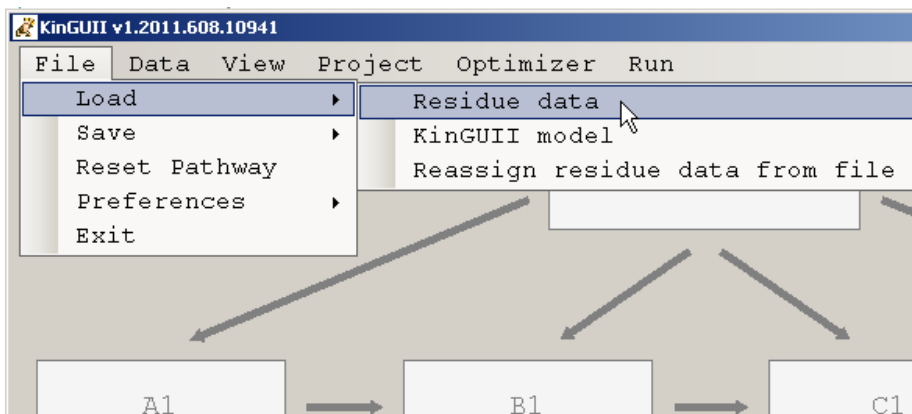
No empty lines, use '#'

1st column with sampling times and header = 't' or 'time'

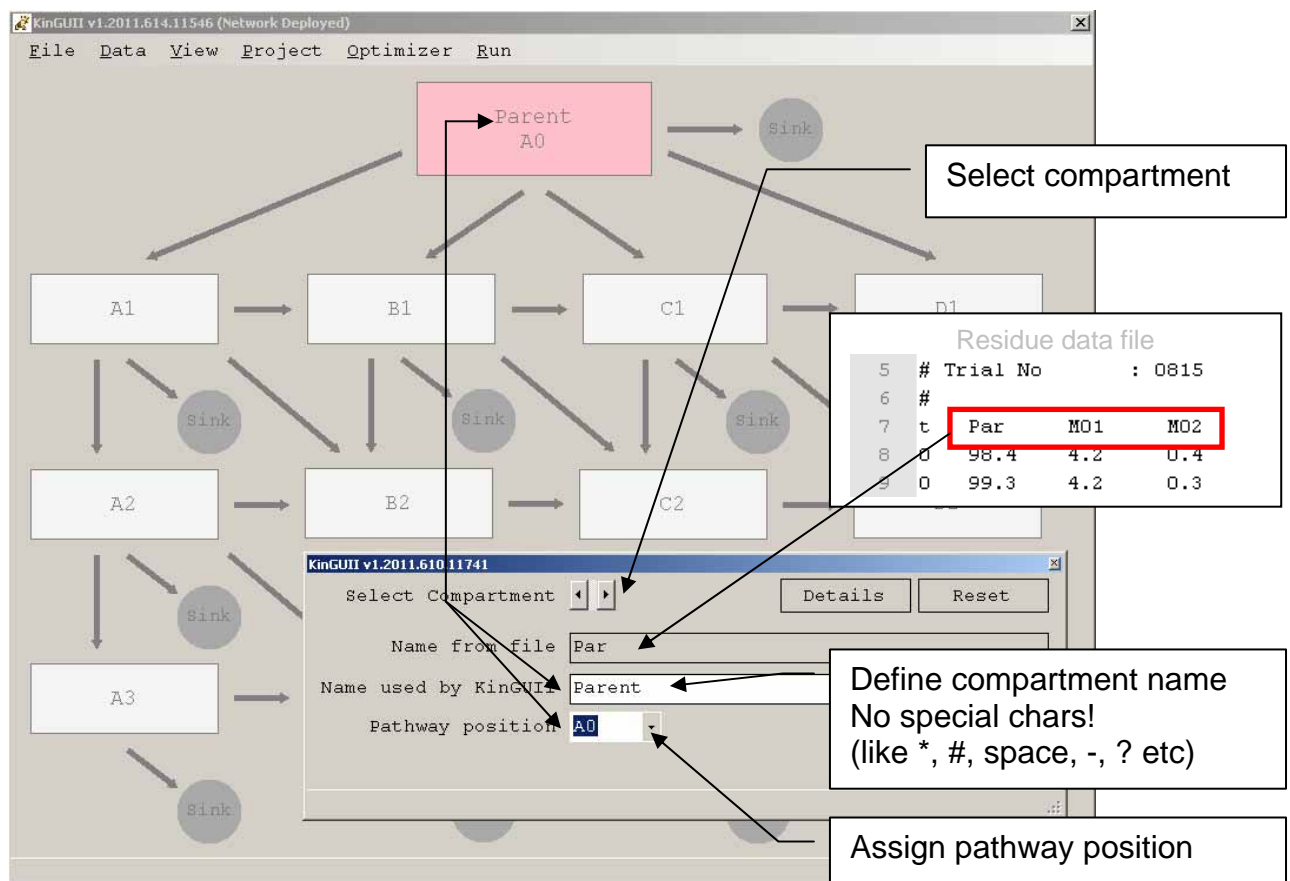
No comments in data section
Data sorted by sampling time

TABs as data delimiter

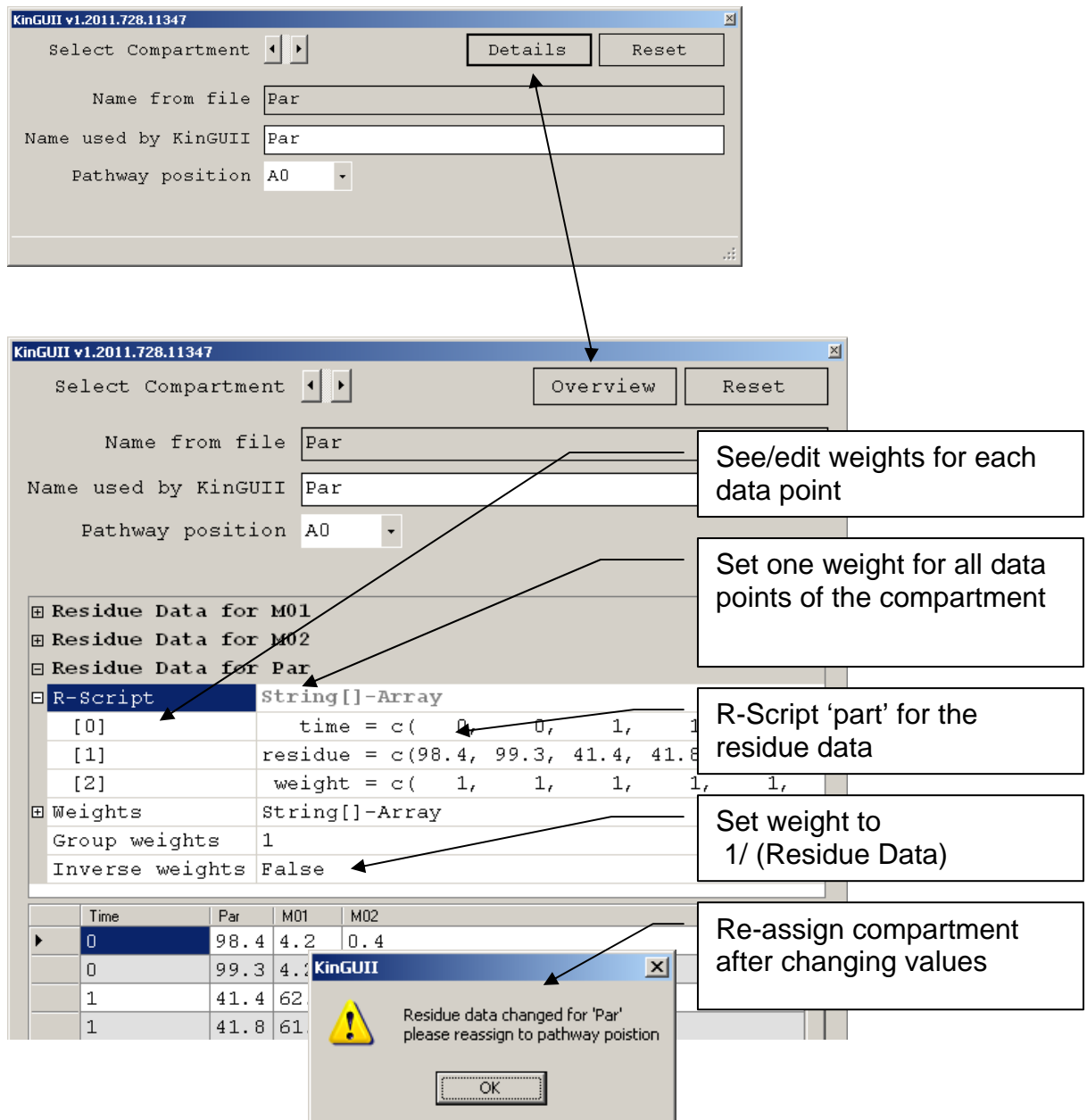
4.3 Load residue data



4.4 Assign residue data to pathway positions



4.5 Weights

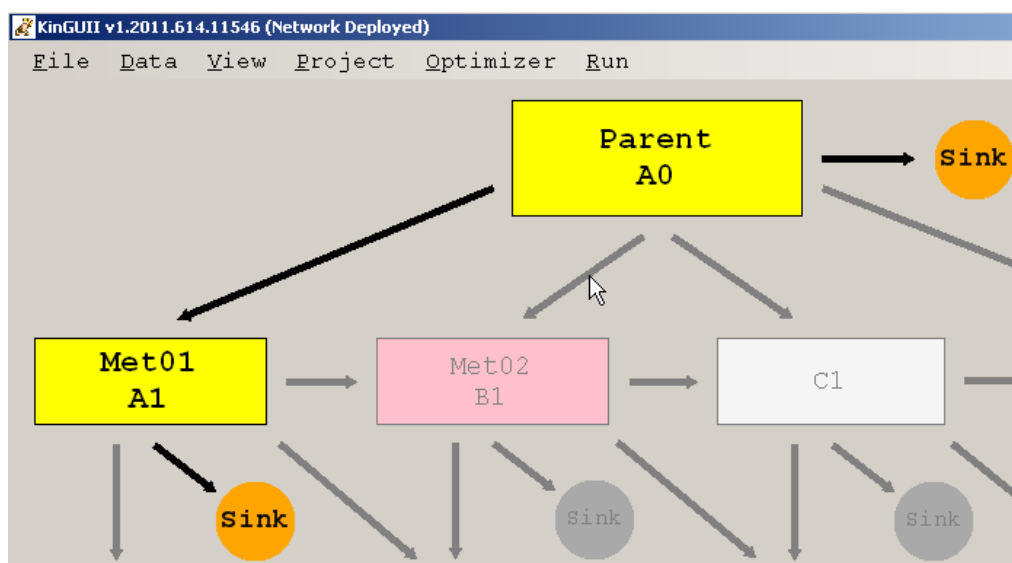


Important: If you change the weights always (re)assign the compartment to the desired pathway position to apply the changes!

4.6 Connect Compartments

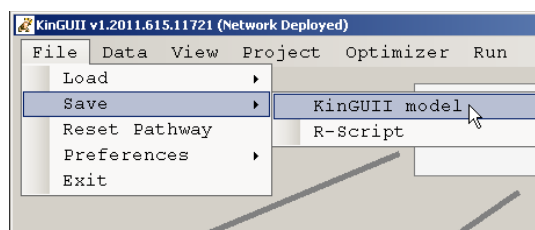
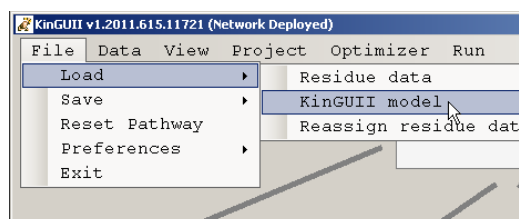
Just click on the gray arrows to change the compartment connection

- 1st Click: Connect compartment (black arrow)
- 2nd Click: Change direction of the connection
- 3rd Click: Break connection (grey arrow)



4.7 Save/Load Workspace as XML-file

The complete workspace (model structure and data allocation but excluding project settings) can be saved or loaded at any time to/from an xml file.

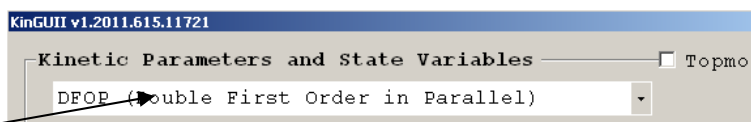


4.8 Reset Workspace

To start from scratch without closing and reopening the program click *File-> Reset Workspace*

5 Kinetic input

5.1 Important



Always click into this field before leaving this form, otherwise your changes will be lost!
If the form is not responding please close and reopen this dialog!

You can check the data input by leaving the entry screen and selecting “View-> R-Script” to see the script file that also echoes the input data.

5.2 Workflow

- Parent
 - Input:
 - kinetic model: SFO, DFOP, FOMC or HS
 - ‘M0’ (total amount of chemical present at time = 0 days)
 - formation fraction
- Metabolite
 - Only SFO is allowed
 - Keep M(0) of the metabolite fixed to zero (unless there is reason to do otherwise)
 - Choose formation fraction
- Define ‘Optimizer’-Settings
 - Optimizer std = ‘IRLS’ (Iteratively reweighted least square)
 - Method std = ‘solnp’
 - Submethod std = ‘Port’

5.3 Kinetic parameters

All kinetic parameters have the same data structure

- Fixed** 'TRUE' or 'FALSE'
std. value = 'FALSE'
Select or unselect the "fixed" checkbox for each parameter
=> not fixed: parameter is optimised, starting with the initial value
=> fixed : parameter is not optimised, but kept at the initial value
- Initial Value** ≥ 0
Enter a (reasonable) initial value for each parameter
See what the graph would look like with the initial values you have chosen
Use Mouse Wheel or direct user input

- Lower Bound** ≥ 0
std. value = 0

- Upper Bound** ≥ 0 , incl. 'Inf' for infinity
std. value = 'Inf'
For the formation fractions, the default upper boundary is 1

Fixed	<input type="checkbox"/> k1
Initial Value	0.5000
Lower Bound	0.0
Upper Bound	1

5.3.1 Input helper

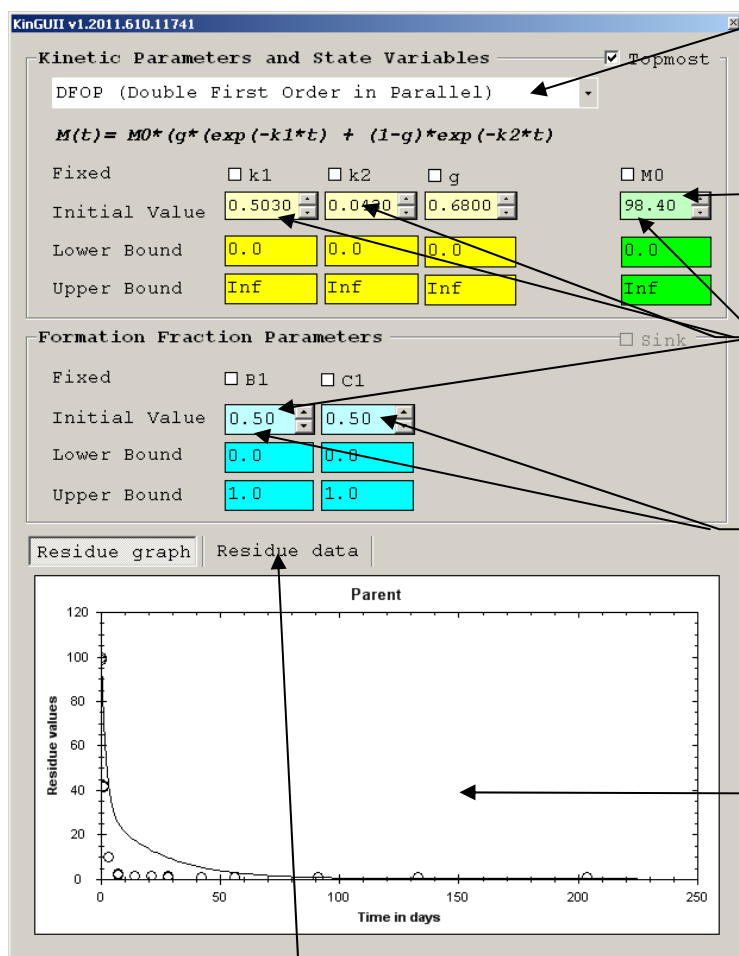
DbClick on

- 'M0' to set the total amount of chemical present at time = 0 days to the 1st residue data point (only for Parent)
- Any formation fraction (initial value input field) to distribute the formation equally between all metabolites (and sink, if defined)

Use mouse wheel or direct user input to change initial values for kinetic parameters

See what the graph would look like with the parameters you have chosen as initial values.

5.3.2 Parent



Select kinetic model.

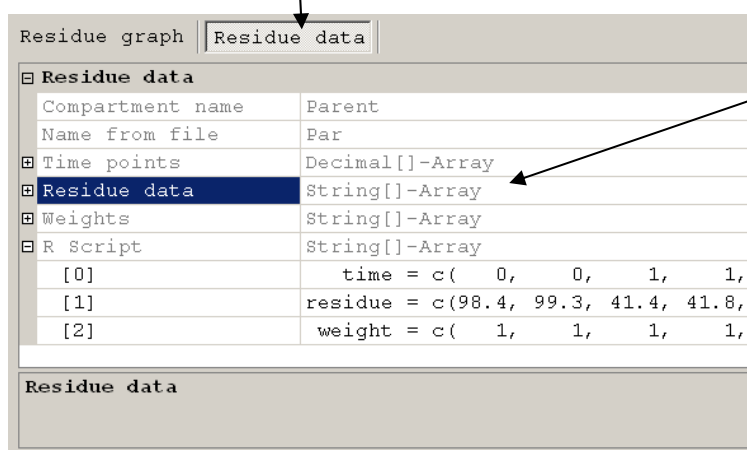
Always click into this field before leaving this form.

DoubleClick to set M0 to 1st residue data value

Use Mouse Wheel or direct user input to change initial values for kinetic parameters

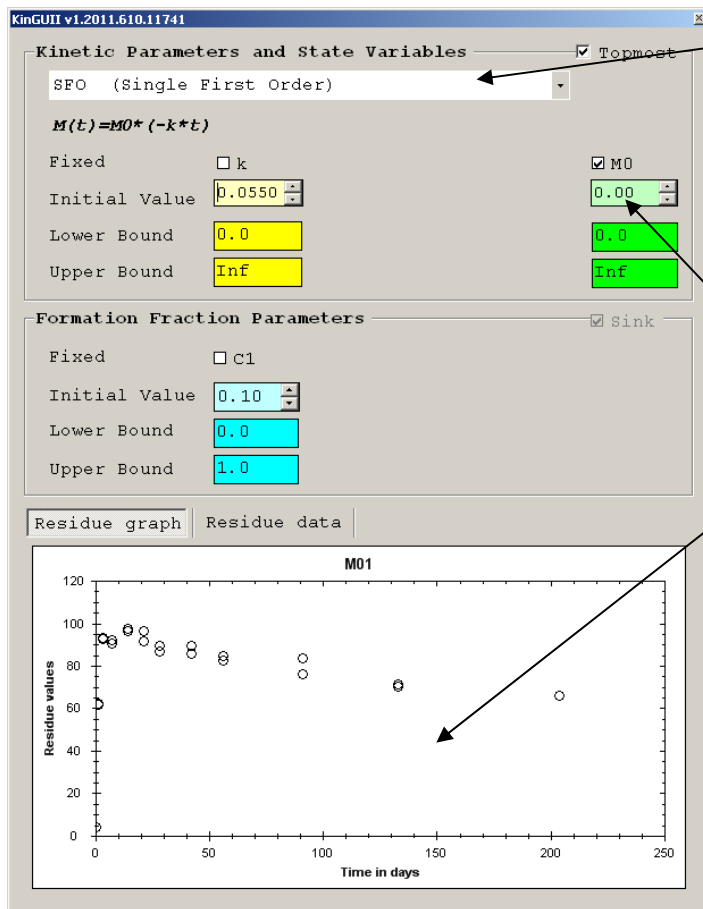
DoubleClick on any 'Initial Value' input field to distribute formation fraction equally between the metabolites and sink (if defined)

Watch changes to the graph while changing the initial values for kinetic parameters



See residue data details for the compartment

5.3.3 Metabolite



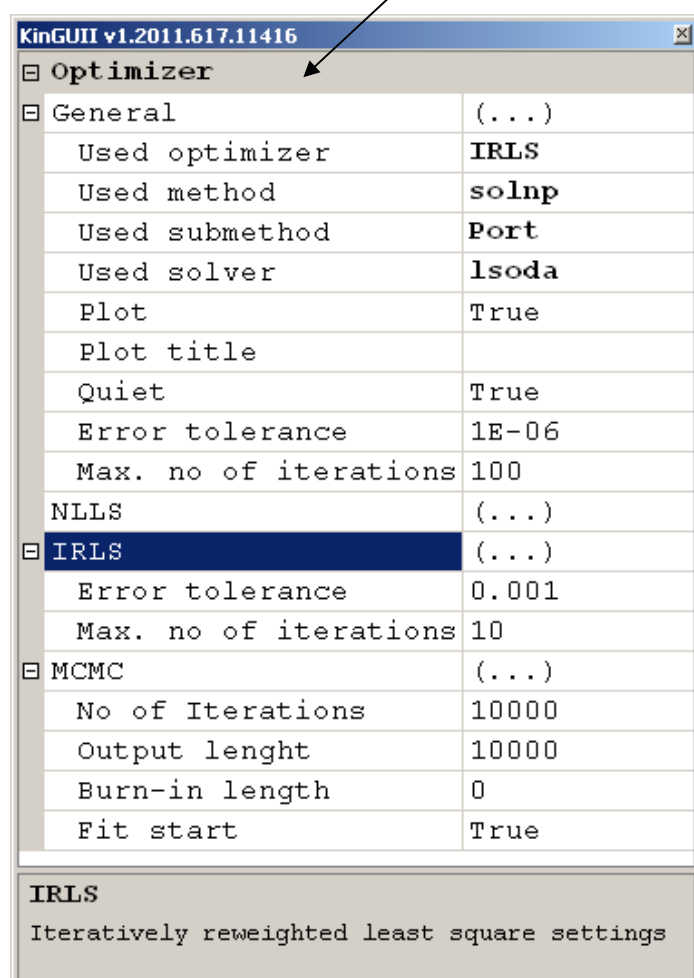
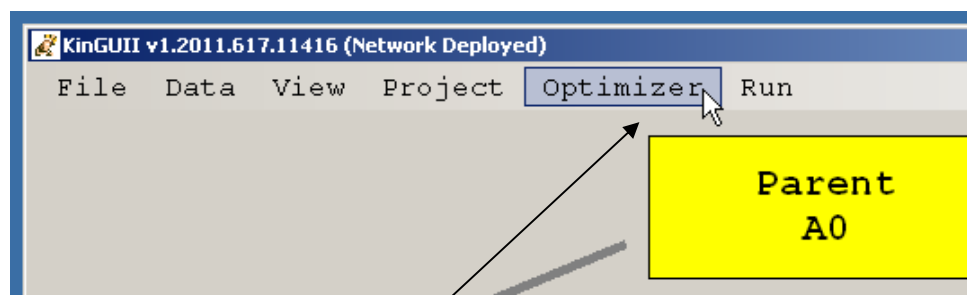
For metabolites only SFO is defined.

Always click into this field before leaving this form.

Keep M(0) of the metabolite fixed to zero (unless there is reason to do different).

Graph of residue data

5.3.4 Optimizer Settings



Optimizers

Three options are available:

- **NLLS:** Classical Nonlinear Least Squares method as implemented in KinGUI 1
- **IRLS:** Iteratively Reweighted Least Squares. Improved algorithm that more realistically estimates parameter confidence intervals (see. Gao et al., 2011, "Improving Uncertainty Analysis in Kinetic Evaluations Using Iteratively Reweighted Least Squares" submitted to Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry).
- **MCMC:** Markov Chain Monte Carlo method for determination of parameter distributions (see: Görlitz et al., 2011, "Statistical Analysis of Chemical Transformation Kinetics using Markov-Chain Monte-Carlo Methods", *Environ. Sci. Technol.*, 45 (10), pp 4429–4437).
CAUTION: This method is very time consuming.

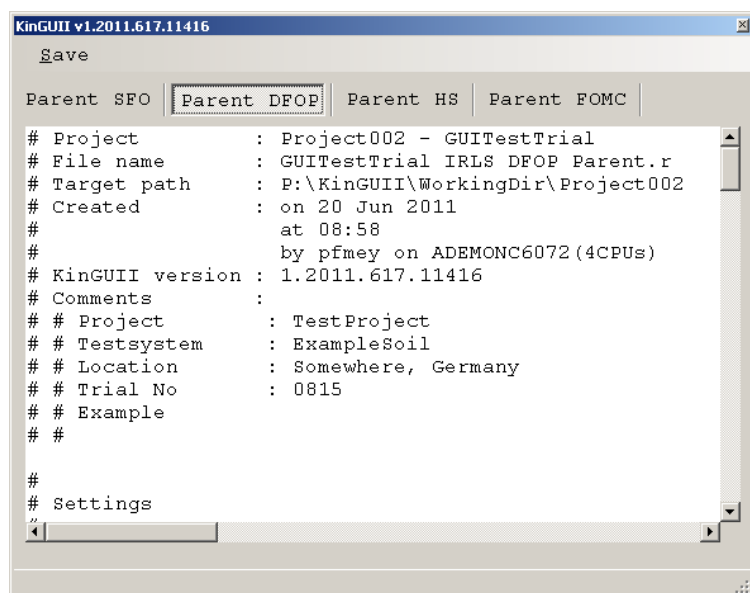
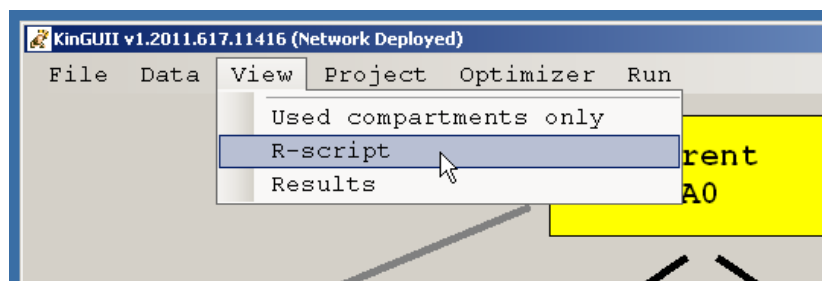
For all other setting the default values should be used in first instance. Changes should only be made if no successful optimization is achieved. Choosing other methods will usually result in significantly increased processing times.

For the description of the different methods the user is referred to the descriptions of the respective R-packages.

6 'R'-Script

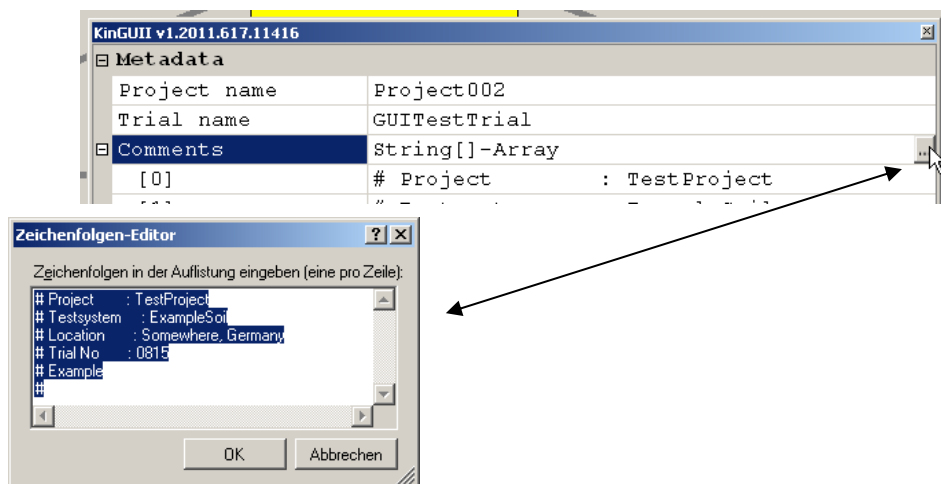
The R-Script contains all parameters and setting for running an optimization. It can be viewed by clicking "R-script" under the "View"-option.

The following explains the structure of the R-Script and how it is compiled with KINGUII.



6.1 Metadata

Comments are taken from your residue data file. You can add further comments *via Projects->Metadata->Comments*.



6.2 'Residue data, pathway and kinetics'

```

KinGUI v1.2011.617.11416
Save
Parent SFO Parent DFOF Parent HS Parent FOMC

#
# Residue data, pathway and kinetics
#

GUITestTrial <- mkinmod.gui(
  Parent = list(
    time = c( 0, 0, 1, 1, 3, 3, 7,
    residue = c(98.4, 99.3, 41.4, 41.8, 9.6, 9.6, 2.1,
    weight = c( 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,

    to = c("M01", "M02"),
    FF = list(ini = c(0.50, 0.5),
    fixed = c(0, 0),
    lower = c(0.0, 0.0),
    upper = c(1.0, 1.0)},
    sink = FALSE,
  type = "DFOF",
  k1 = list(ini = 0.5,
    fixed = 0,
    lower = 0.0,
    upper = Inf),
  k2 = list(ini = 0.07,
    fixed = 0,
    lower = 0.0,
    upper = Inf),
  g = list(ini = 0.5,
    fixed = 0,
    lower = 0.0,
    upper = Inf),
  M0 = list(ini = 98.4,
    fixed = 0,
    lower = 0.0,
    upper = Inf),
  M01 = list(
    time = c( 0, 0, 1, 1, 3, 3, 7,
    residue = c( 4.2, 4.2, 62.1, 61.4, 92.4, 92.9, 92.0, 9
    weight = c( 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
    to = c("M02"),
    FF = list(ini = c(0.50),
    fixed = c(0),
    lower = c(0.0),
    upper = c(1.0)},
    sink = TRUE,
  type = "SFO",
  k = list(ini = 0.5000,
    fixed = 0,
    lower = 0.025,
    upper = Inf),
  M0 = list(ini = 0,
    fixed = 1,
    lower = 0.0,
    upper = Inf),
  M02 = list(
    time = c( 0, 0, 1, 1, 3,
    residue = c( 0.4, 0.3, 0.9, 0.9, 1.7,
    weight = c( 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
    to = c("M01"),

```

KinGUI v1.2011.617.11416	
Metadata	
Project name	Project002
Trial name	GUITestTrial
Comments	String[]-Array

KinGUI v1.2011.617.11416

Kinetic Parameters and State Variables ☒ Topmost

DFOF (Double First Order in Parallel)

$$M(t) = M0 * (g * \exp(-k1*t) + (1-g) * \exp(-k2*t))$$

Fixed ☐ k1 ☐ k2 ☐ g ☐ M0

Initial Value

Lower Bound

Upper Bound

Formation Fraction Parameters ☐ Sink

Fixed ☐ B1 ☐ C1

Initial Value

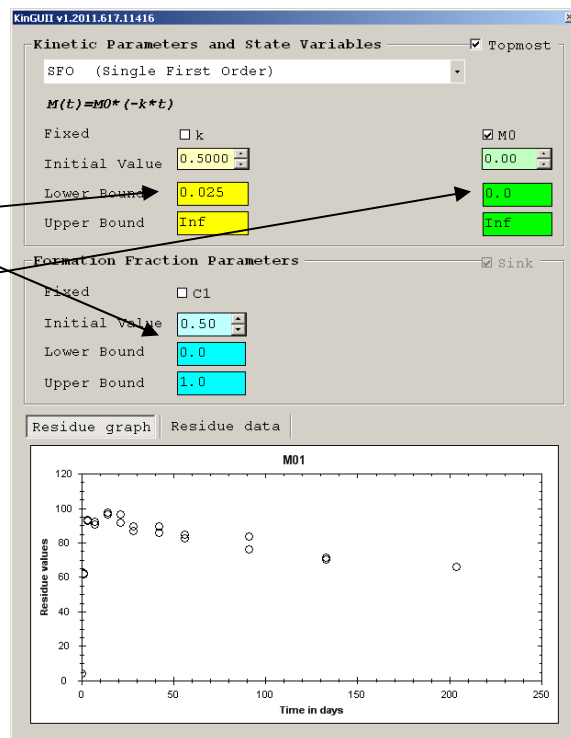
Lower Bound

Upper Bound

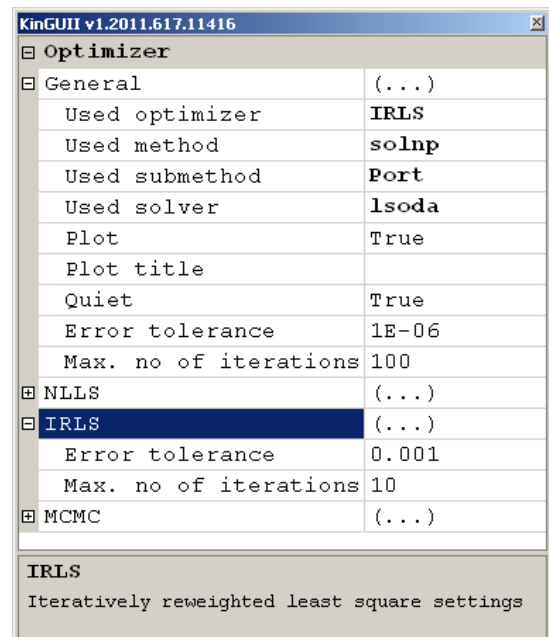
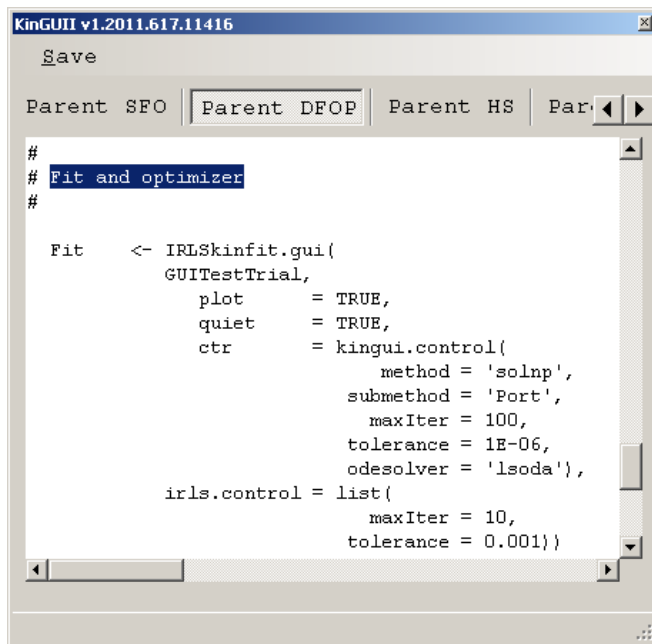
Residue graph ☒ Residue data

Residue data	
Compartment name	Parent
Name from file	Par
Time points	Decimal[]-Array
Residue data	String[]-Array
Weights	String[]-Array
R Script	String[]-Array
[0]	time = c(0, 0, 1, 1, 3, 3, 7,
[1]	residue = c(98.4, 99.3, 41.4, 41.8, 9.6, 9.6, 2.1,
[2]	weight = c(1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,

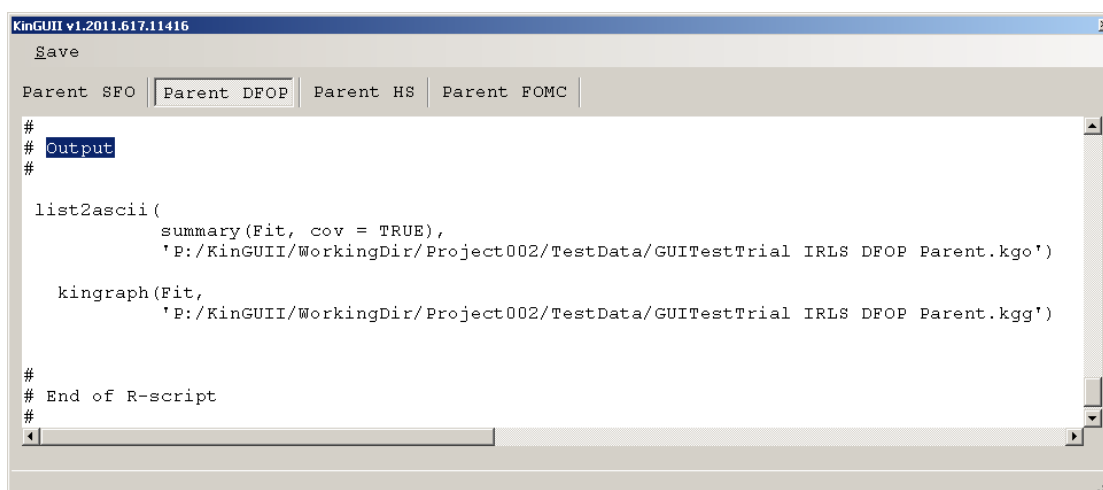
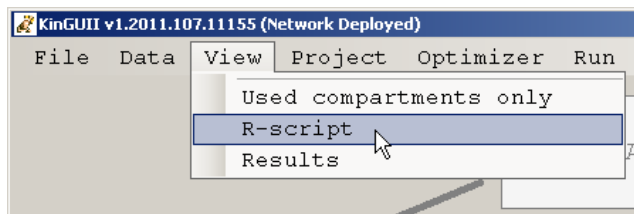
R Script



6.3 'Fit and optimizer'



6.4 'Output'

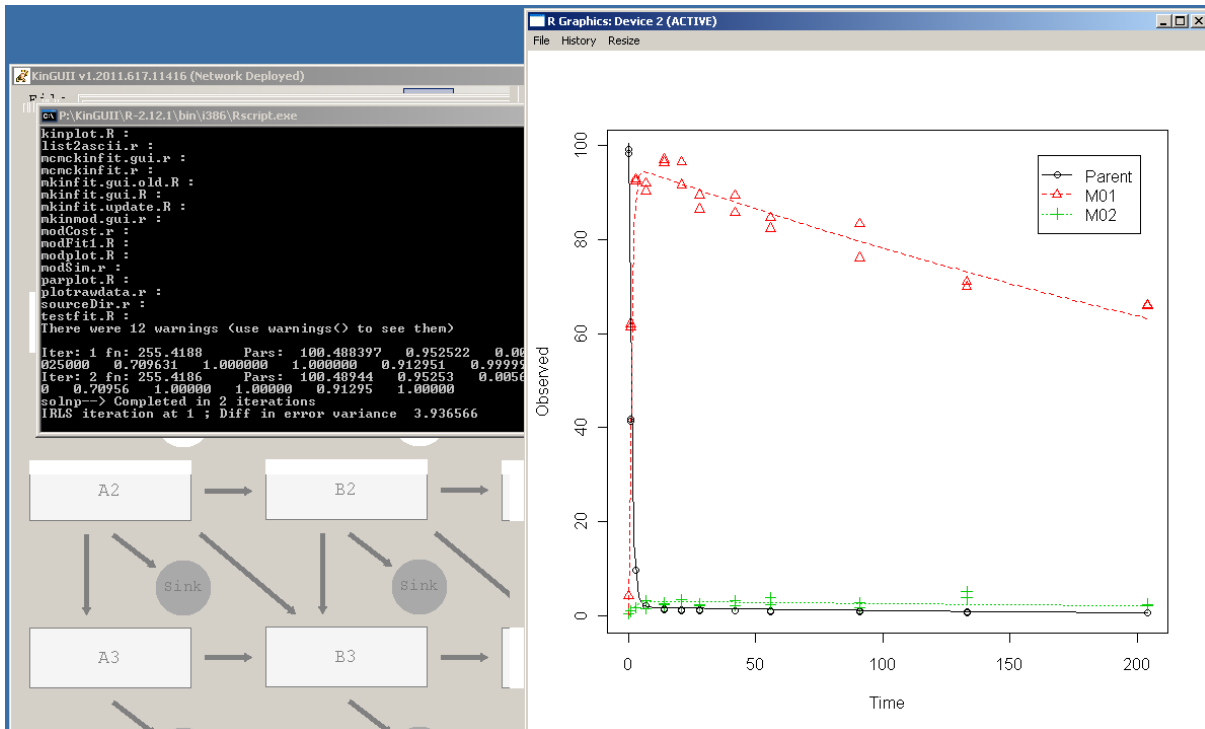
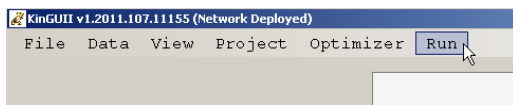


Result file names (kgo, kgg):

'TrialName Optimizer' 'Kinetic model parent' 'parent compartment name' .kgx
e.g.: 'TestTrial IRLS DFOP Parent.kgo'

6.5 'Run'

For running an optimisation simply press "Run"

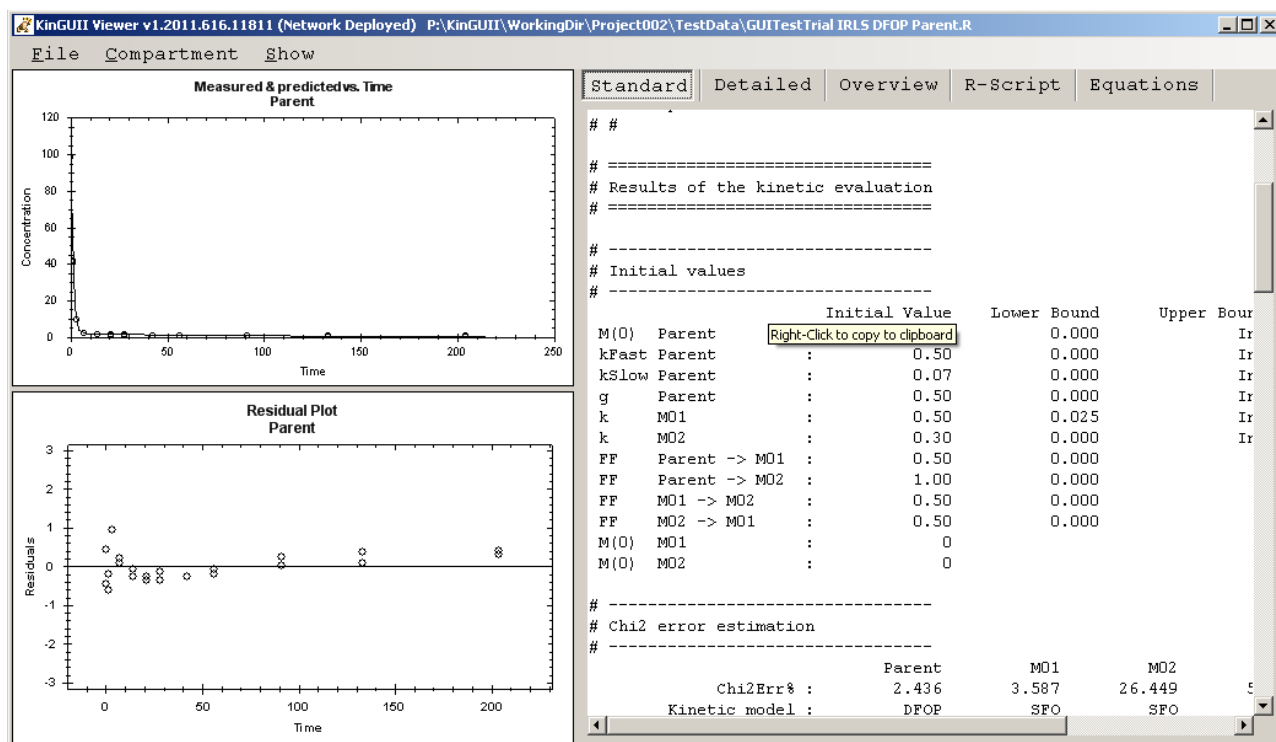
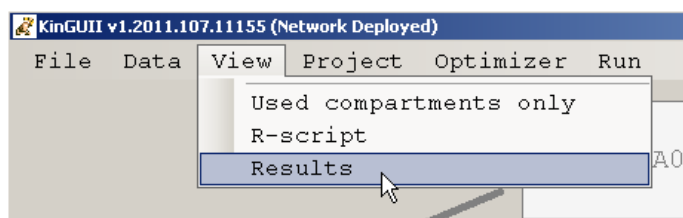


7 Results

The KINGUIResultViewer is started by “View” -> “Results”.

The result viewer presents graphs of the observed and calculated data as well as the residuals separately for each compartment (choose under “Compartment”) and different views on the calculated results and the underlying R-script.

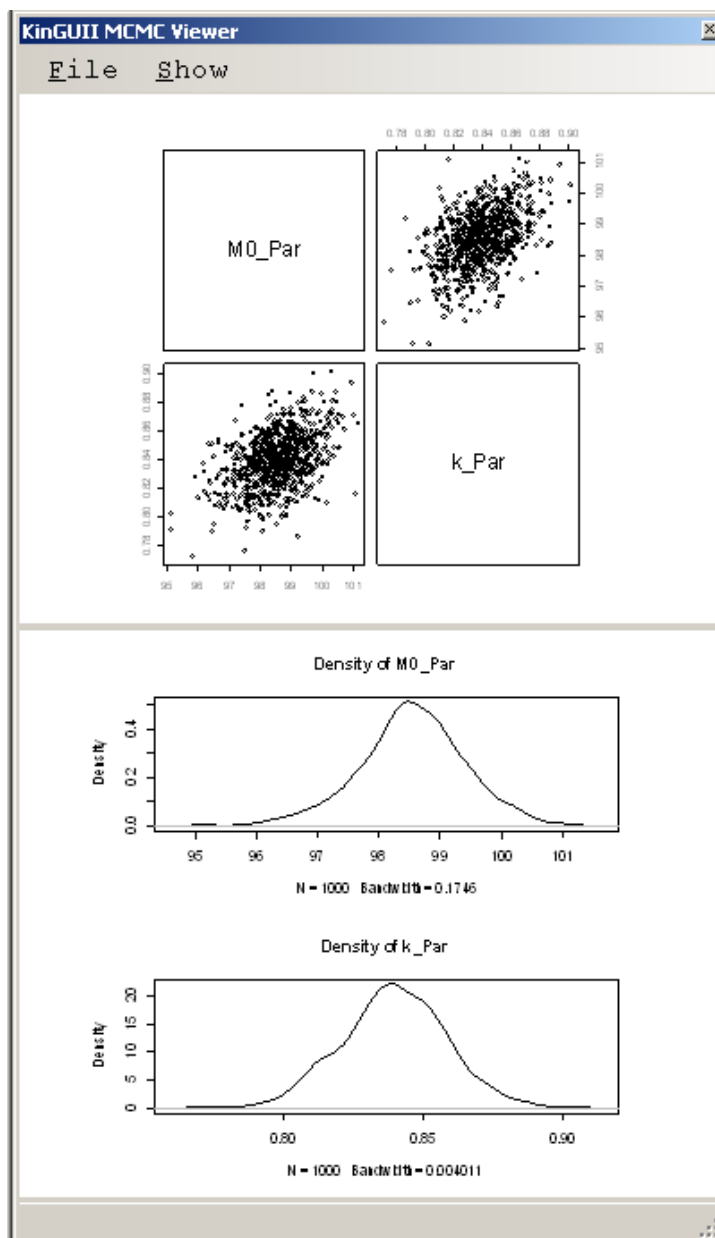
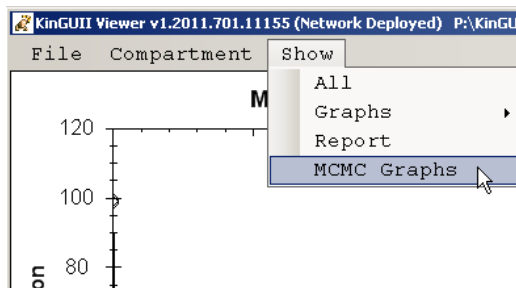
All data can be copied or saved after right click on the respective window panel.



Note: The result viewer can also be used independently by starting “KINGUIResultViewer.exe” and loading the R-file of which the results shall be viewed.

7.1 MCMC

For runs with MCMC additionally a correlation and a density graph is available.



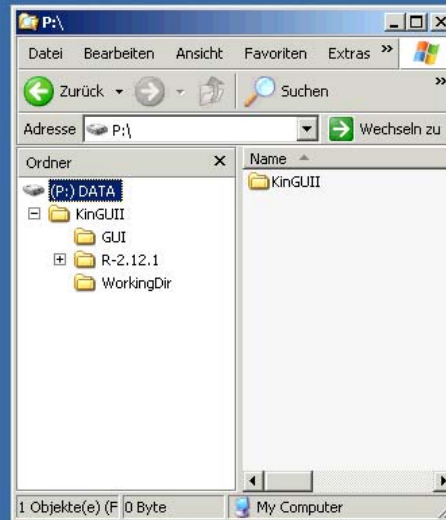
Video Tutorials

To watch the tutorials open this pdf document with Adobe Reader ver. 9.4 or above (**not** the pro version!). Just click on the pictures and agree that you trust the document-source.

Getting started

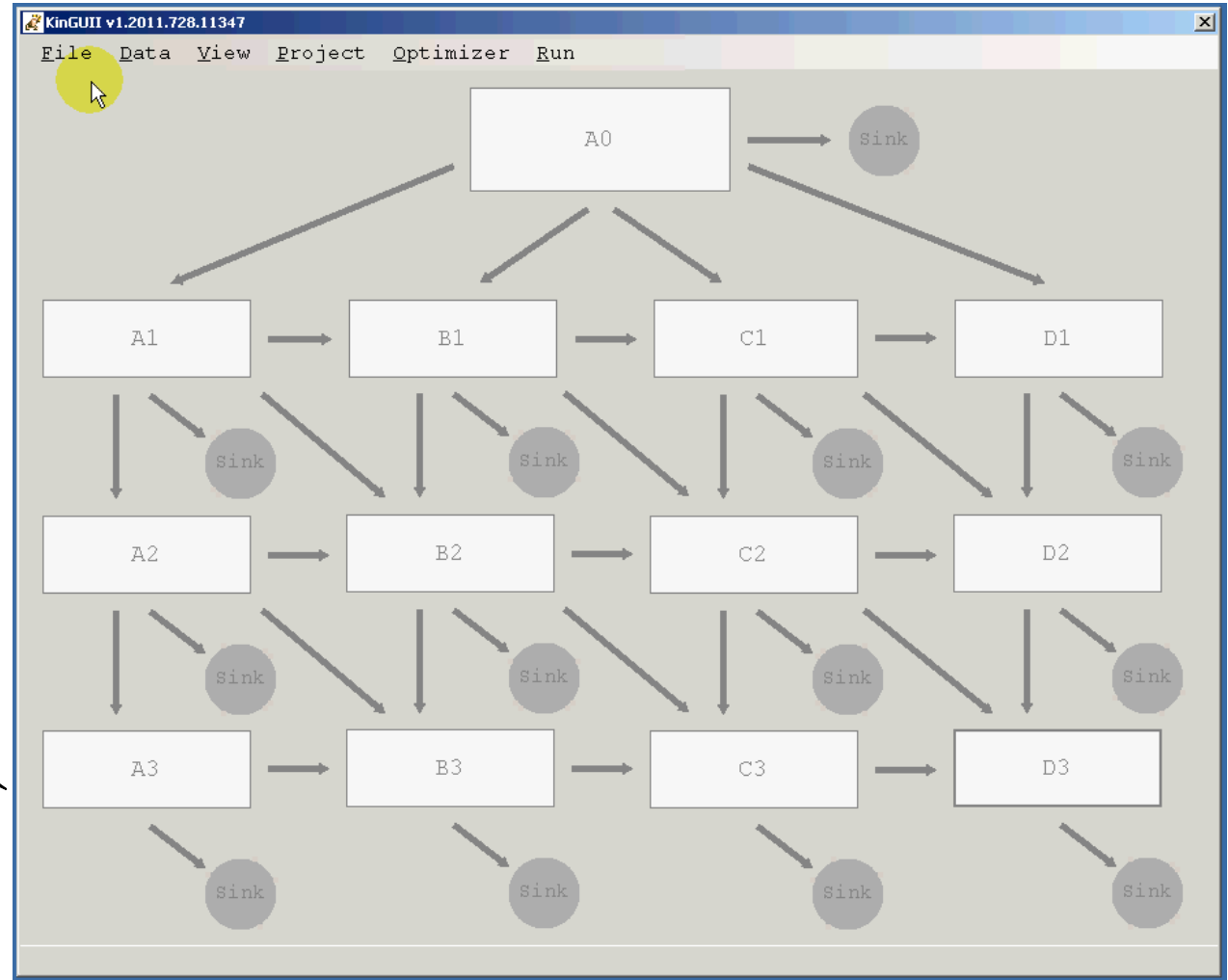
- Set 'Path to R' and 'Working directory'

Click to start
video



Data management

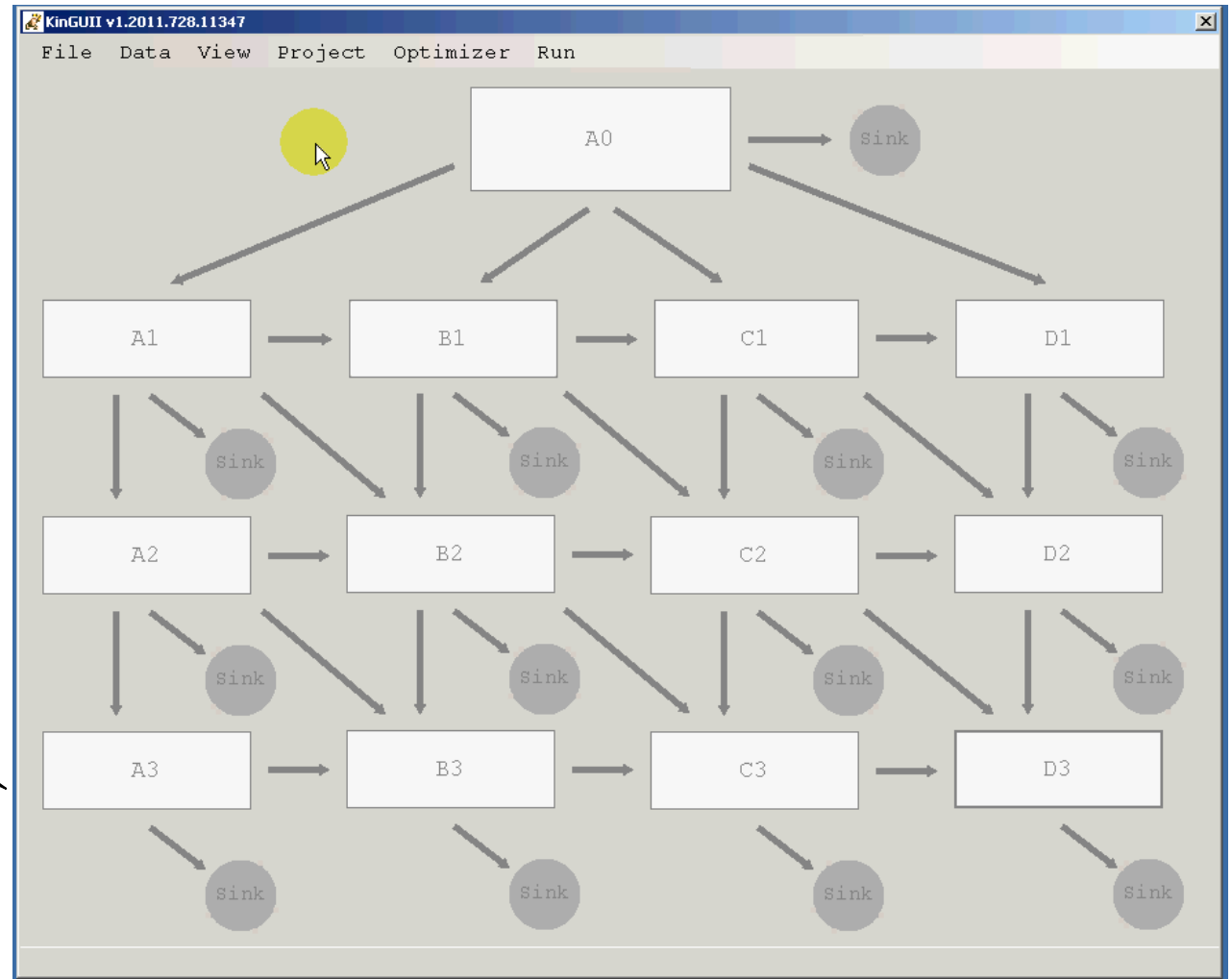
- Read residue data from plain ASCII file
- Assign compartments to pathway positions
- Change residue data and pathway positions of compartments
- Save/load KinGUII model to xml-file



Click to start
video

Weights

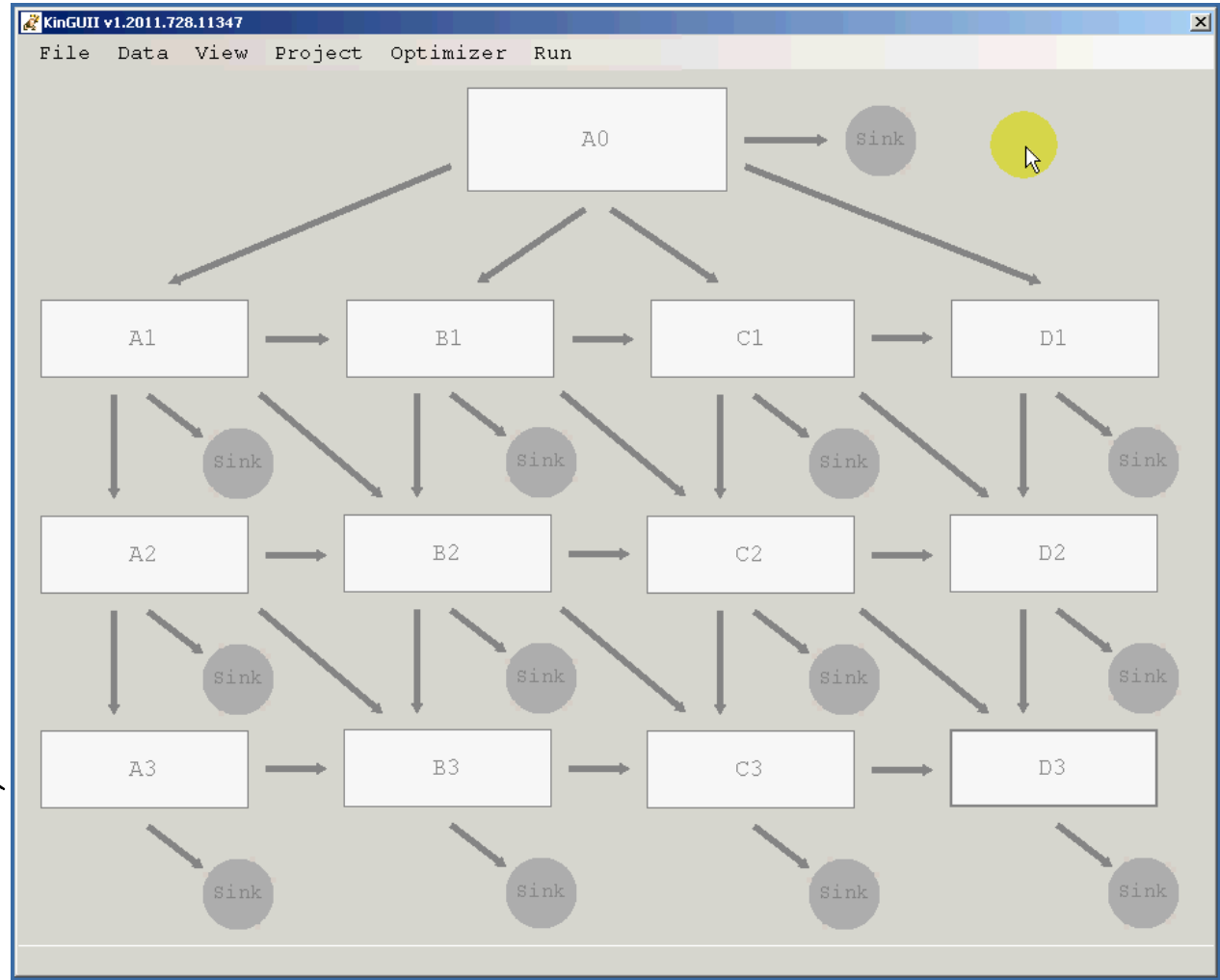
- Inverse (1/residue value)
- Grouped
- Individual



Click to start
video

Kinetic input

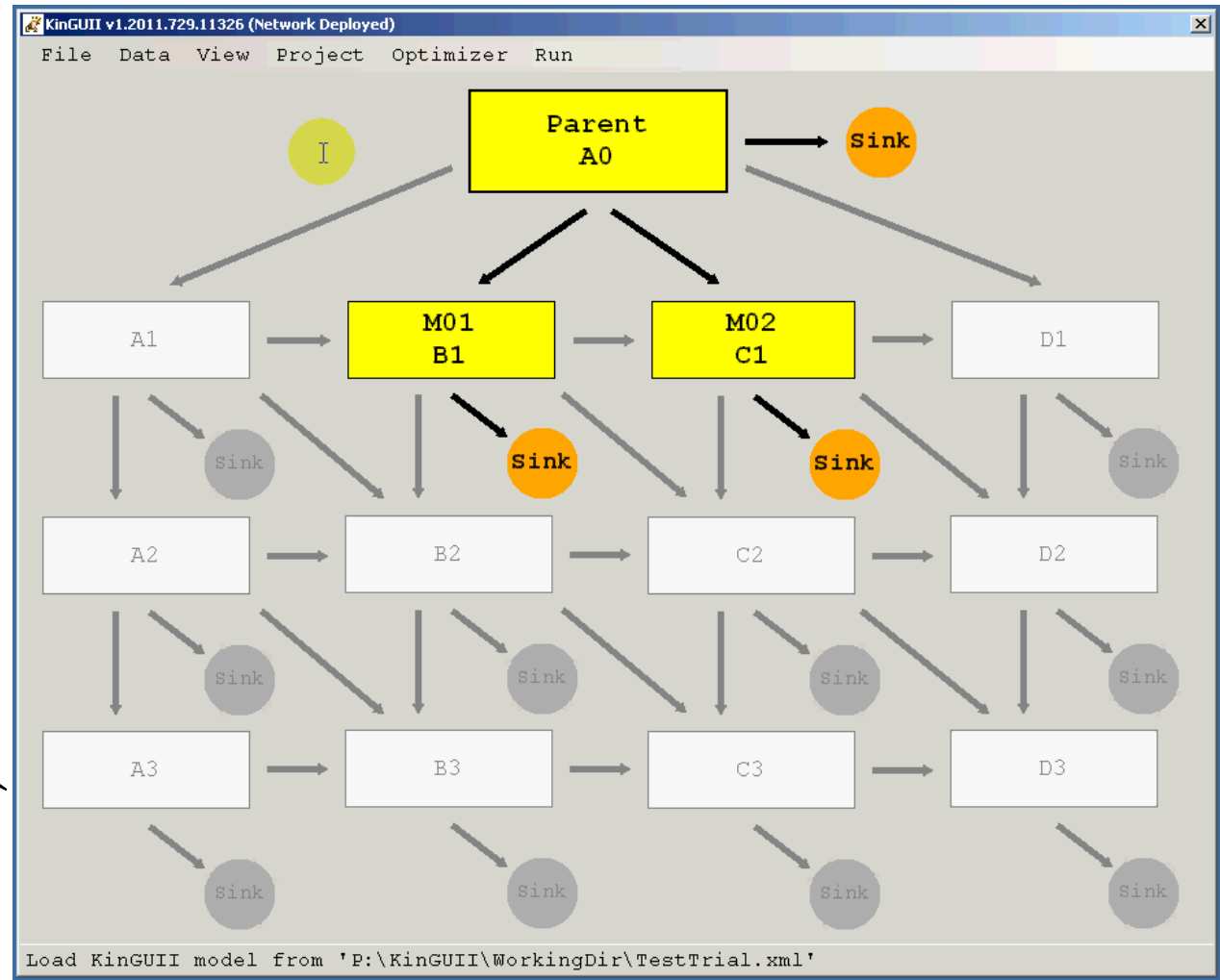
- Set kinetic model (SFO, DFOP etc.)
- Set kinetic parameters (M0, k, etc.)
- Set 'Trial path' and 'Trial name'
- Choose Optimizer (NLLS, IRLS or MCMC) and set parameters



Click to start
video

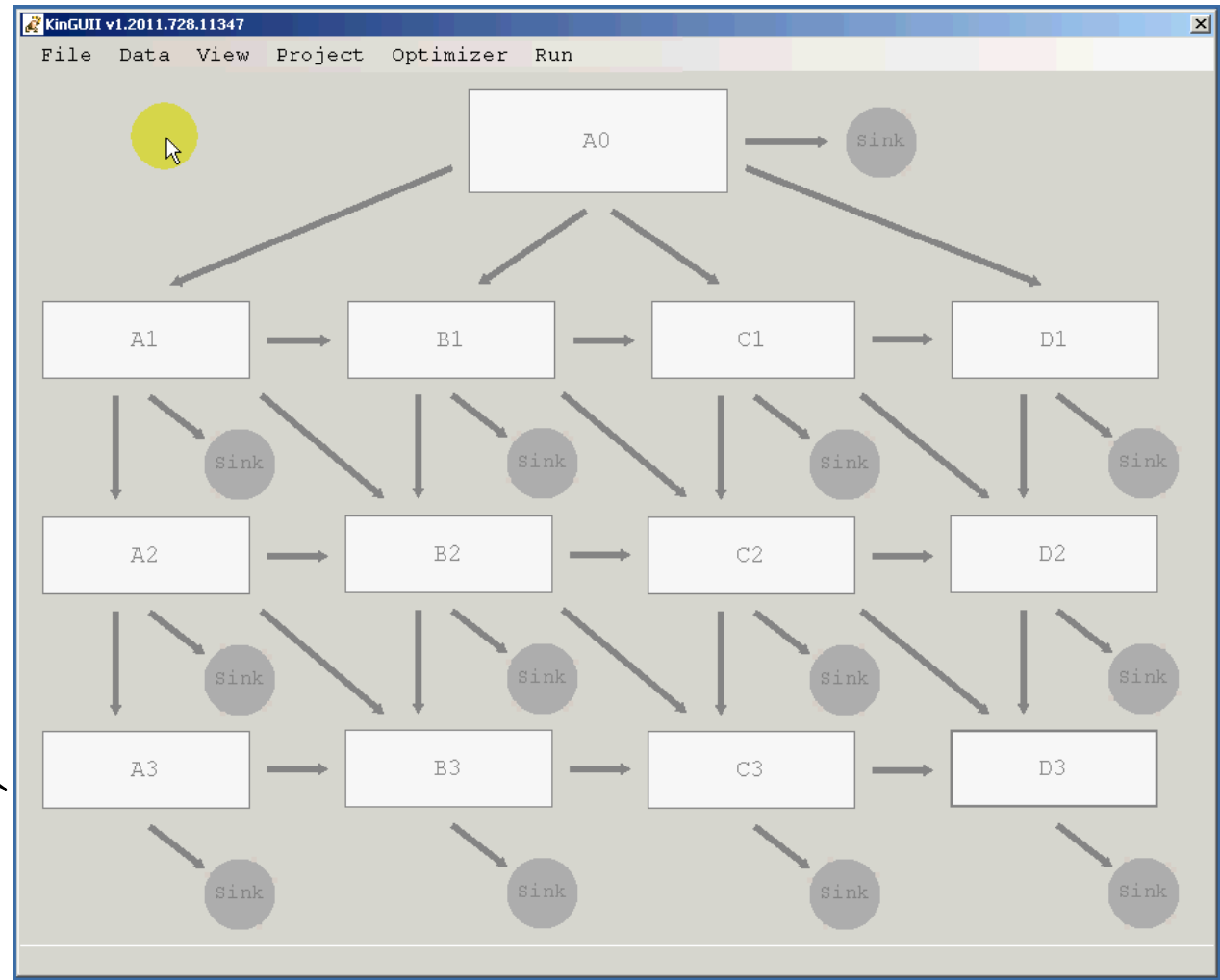
Advanced data management

- (Re)assign residue data to the same pathway/compartments
- Change pathway position of compartments
- Get initial values for diff. kinetic models from previous runs



Views and Run

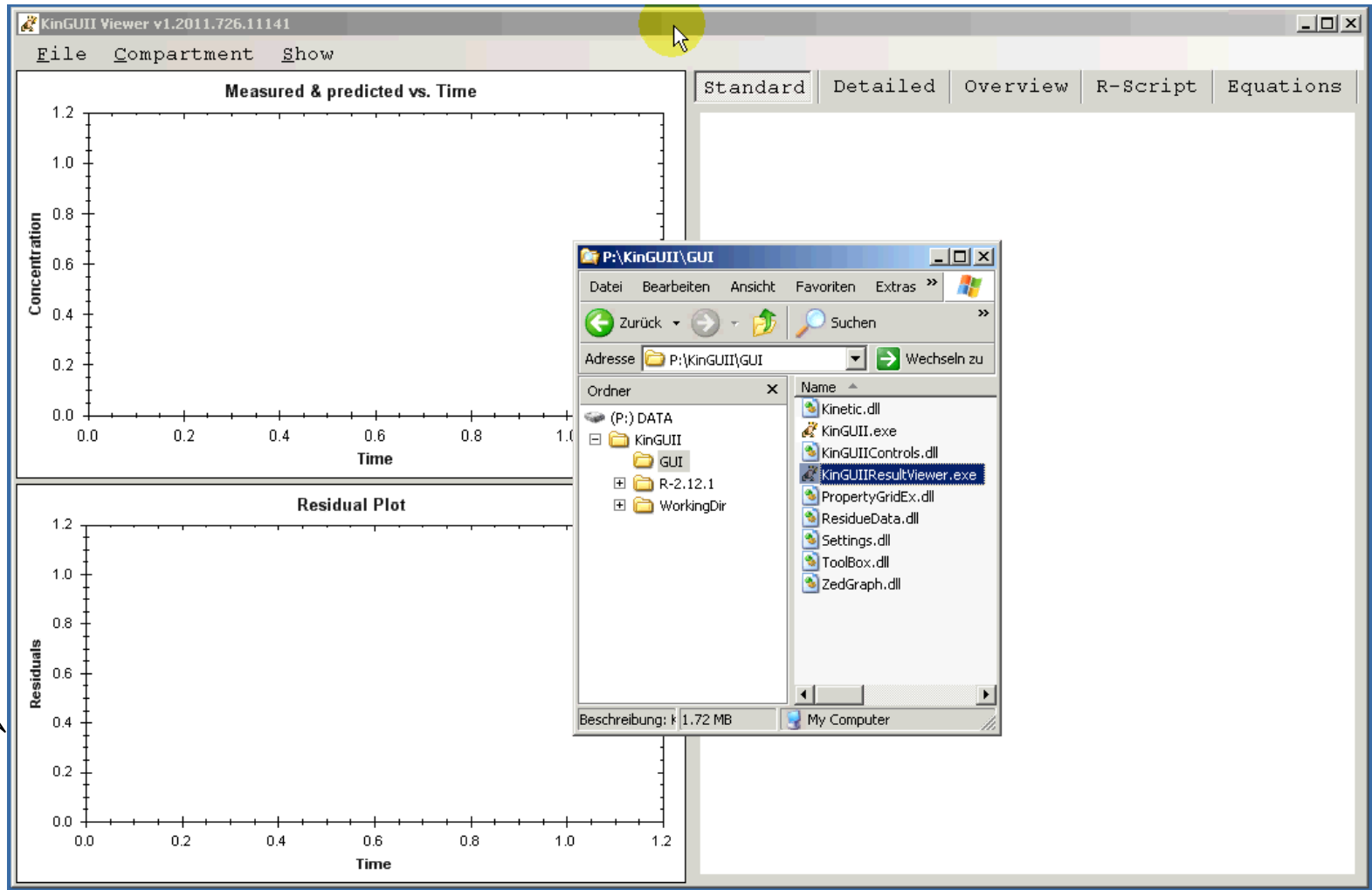
- Used compartments only
- R-scripts
- Run optimisation
- Results directly out of KinGUI



Click to start
video

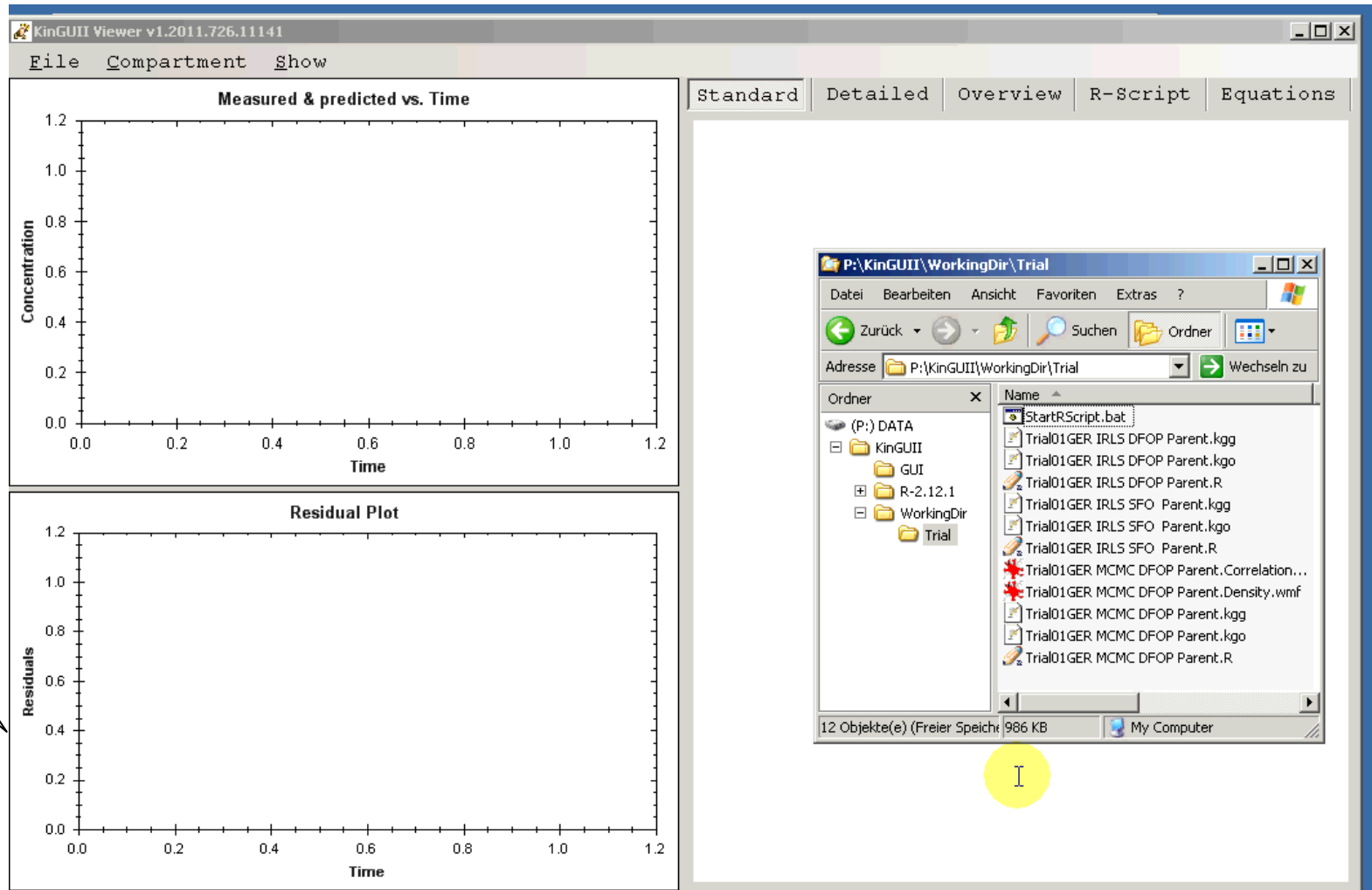
Result viewer

- Start program as a separate application
- Zoom / copy result text and fit graphs



Result viewer MCMC

- Show density / correlation graph



Click to
start
video